#### National Exams May 2017

#### 04-Bio-A2, Process Dynamics and Control

#### 3 hours duration

#### NOTES:

- 1. If doubt exists as to the interpretation of any question, the candidate is urged to submit with the answer paper, a clear statement of any assumptions made.
- 2. This is an OPEN BOOK EXAM.

  Any non-communicating calculator is permitted.
- 3. FIVE (5) questions constitute a complete exam paper.

  The first five questions as they appear in the answer book will be marked.
- 4. Each question is of equal value.
- 5. Most questions require an answer in essay format. Clarity and organization of the answer are important.

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### Problem #1

A heated tank process is described by the following transfer function:

$$G_p = \frac{2.31}{(s+1)(5s+1)}$$

This process is to be controlled by a proportional digital controller with gain  $k_c$ .

10% 1- Draw the block diagram for the digital control system. (Indicate clearly all the components, including samplers.)

10% 2- If the sampling period is T = 0.5, compute the range of k<sub>c</sub> values to guarantee stability. Use Jury test.

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## **PROBLEM # 2** (20%)

Consider the following system of equations:

$$\frac{dx_1}{dt} = -2.4048x_1 + 7u$$

$$\frac{dx_2}{dt} = 0.8333x_1 - 2.2381x_2 - 1.117u$$

$$y = x_2$$

10% a-Find the transfer function Y/U

10% b-Solve for y in response to a unit step change in u.

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## PROBLEM #3 (20% total)

A process is described by the following transfer function:

$$G_p = \frac{10(0.5 - s)e^{-10.s}}{100s + 1}$$

- (10%) (a) Design an IMC (Internal Model Controller) for this process. Show your design with a block diagram.
- (10%) (b) Assuming a perfect model of the process, compute the closed loop response for a unit step in set point if the desired closed loop time constant is equal to 5.

# PROBLEM # 4 (20% total)

A process given by:

$$G_p = \frac{100}{s - 10}$$

is controlled by a proportional controller with gain Kc.

- (10%) (a) Using the Nyquist theorem test the closed loop stability for  $K_c = 1$  and  $K_c = 0.01$ .
- (10%) (b) Using the Nyquist criterion, compute the limiting value of  $K_c$  for which the system is stable.

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# Problem #5 (20% total)

Consider a closed loop system composed of the following elements:

1 - a proportional controller with gain kc,

2 - a process transfer function Gp,

3 - a sensor transfer function H.

$$G_p = \frac{1}{\left(s+1\right)^3}$$

Find the maximum kc for the following 2 cases:

$$(10\%)$$
 (a) H = 1

(10%) (b) 
$$H = e^{-0.7s}$$

If iterations are required to solve an equation, show only the first 3 iterations (steps).

## PROBLEM #6 (20% total)

For the equation

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + k\frac{dy}{dt} + 10y = 2x$$

- (10%) (a) Find the transfer function between the input x to the output y and put it in the standard gain-time constant form.
- (5%) (b) Discuss for which values of k is the open loop response for a unit step in x (i) stable, (ii) underdamped, and (iii) overdamped.
- (5%) (c) If the response is underdamped, compute expressions as a function of k for the time constant and the damping coefficient according to the standard form definitions.

## PROBLEM #7 (20% total)

The dynamic response of the reactant concentration in a CSTR reactor,  $C_{A_0}$ , to a change in inlet concentration,  $C_{A_0}$ , has to be evaluated.

The reactor is operated with constant volume V and isothermal conditions. The density  $\boldsymbol{\rho}$  is constant.

The reaction rate is:  $r_A = k_1 C_A^2$ 

The mass flowrate is F

- (10%) (a) Derive a mathematical model to describe C<sub>A</sub>(t) and compute steady state conditions for concentration.
- (10%) (b) Compute a transfer function  $\delta C_A / \delta C_{A_0}$  (where  $\delta$  indicates deviation variables) when the system is operated around the steady state computed in (a).

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Problem #8 (20% total)

A process given by

$$G_p = \frac{e^{-0.1s}}{0.5s + 1}$$

is controlled by a proportional controller with gain  $k_{\text{\tiny C}}.$ 

- (10%) (a) Plot qualitatively the Bode Plot for the open loop system (show slope values, corner frequencies and extreme amplitude and phase values).
- (10%) (b) Compute the gain  $k_c$  to obtain a gain margin of 1.7.